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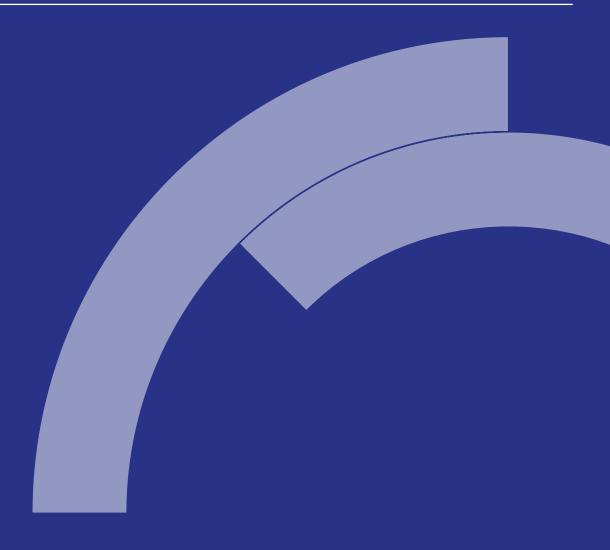
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# Agenda

Introduction 01 **Adrian Sainsbury, Chief Executive Officer** Financial update **Mike Morgan, Group Finance Director Strategy and business update** 03 **Adrian Sainsbury, Chief Executive Officer Appendix** 





## **Highlights**

Performed well in second half although FY23 profitability significantly impacted by Novitas provisions in H1



Reduction in AOP¹ driven by Novitas, with positive momentum generated in second half



5% loan book growth and strong net interest margin of 7.7% in **Banking** 



Net inflows of 9% in **Asset Management**, with a strong contribution from new hires



Winterflood's performance continued to reflect challenging market conditions, with strong growth in WBS



Strong capital, funding and liquidity positions, with CET1 capital ratio of 13.3%



67.5p full-year dividend, reflecting our underlying performance and confidence in the group's outlook

## Well placed to support customers in the current environment

Strengths of our model have been evidenced through many cycles and remain unchanged

# The distinctive strengths of our model

Deep expertise

Strong long-term relationships

Consistent service

Disciplined and long-term approach, with a strong historical track record



Disciplined underwriting and pricing through the cycle



Quality loan book, predominantly secured, prudently underwritten and diverse



Strong balance sheet



A long history of loan book growth through the cycle



Long-term progressive dividend track record





## **Income statement**

Reduction in AOP mainly driven by higher impairment charges in relation to Novitas

- Income broadly stable with 3% growth in Banking offsetting a reduction in Asset Management and Winterflood
- Costs rose 3% as higher staff costs and investment in Banking and Asset Management more than offset lower variable costs in Winterflood
- Impairment charges increased significantly, reflecting provisions of £117 million related to Novitas, as well as uncertain macroeconomic outlook
- AOP pre provisions down 6%
- Adjusted EPS reduced to 55.1p
- RoTE excluding Novitas was 12.0%
- DPS of 67.5p, reflecting the group's underlying performance and confidence in our outlook

|   |         |         | Change |
|---|---------|---------|--------|
| £ million                                 | 2023    | 2022    | %      |
| Operating income                          | 932.6   | 936.1   | -      |
| Adjusted operating expenses               | (615.0) | (598.0) | 3      |
| Impairment losses                         | (204.1) | (103.3) | 97     |
| Adjusted operating profit                 | 113.5   | 234.8   | (52)   |
| Adjusted operating profit, pre provisions | 317.6   | 338.1   | (6)    |
|   |         |         |        |
| Effective tax rate ("ETR")                | 27.6%   | 29.0%   |        |
| Adjusted EPS                              | 55.1p   | 111.5p  |        |
| Dividend per share                        | 67.5p   | 66.0p   |        |

## **Divisional performance**

Reduction in AOP reflecting an increase in impairment charges and a reduction in Winterflood's income

## **Banking**

- Banking AOP down 47%, mainly reflecting higher impairment charges
- Decline in profit across Commercial, Retail and Property, although we wrote strong new business volumes and maintained our pricing discipline

## **Asset Management**

- Strong annualised net inflows of 9%, as we accelerated our efforts to grow CBAM
- Profit reduced 27% reflecting wider market conditions and costs related to our successful hiring strategy

### Winterflood

 Performance impacted by continued marketwide slowdown in trading activity in higher margin sectors

|   |         |        | Change |
|---|---------|--------|--------|
| £ million                                 | 2023    | 2022   | %      |
| Banking                                   | 120.1   | 227.2  | (47)   |
| Commercial excluding Novitas              | 122.5   | 130.3  | (6)    |
| Novitas                                   | (106.6) | (39.3) | (171)  |
| Retail                                    | 34.7    | 61.0   | (43)   |
| Property                                  | 69.5    | 75.2   | (8)    |
| Asset Management                          | 15.9    | 21.7   | (27)   |
| Winterflood                               | 3.5     | 14.1   | (75)   |
| Group                                     | (26.0)  | (28.2) | (8)    |
| Adjusted operating profit                 | 113.5   | 234.8  | (52)   |
| Adjusted operating profit, pre provisions | 317.6   | 338.1  | (6)    |

Good loan book growth and a strong margin, although profitability significantly impacted by Novitas provisions

- Increase in income reflecting good loan book growth and a strong net interest margin
- Net interest margin decreased marginally to 7.7% mainly driven by reduced income from Novitas
- Higher costs driven by salary increases and strategic investment spend
- Impairment charges increased, corresponding to a bad debt ratio of 2.2%, driven mainly by Novitas
- AOP pre provisions declined 2%
- Excluding Novitas, 2% growth in adjusted operating profit pre provisions

|   |         |         | Change |
|---|---------|---------|--------|
| £ million   | 2023    | 2022    | %      |
| Operating income  | 713.8   | 693.1   | 3      |
| Adjusted operating expenses                             | (389.7) | (362.6) | 7      |
| Impairment losses                                       | (204.0) | (103.3) | 97     |
| Adjusted operating profit                               | 120.1   | 227.2   | (47)   |
| Adjusted operating profit pre provisions                | 324.1   | 330.5   | (2)    |
| Excl. Novitas, adjusted operating profit pre provisions | 313.9   | 309.1   | 2      |
| Loan book growth <sup>1</sup>                           | 4.7%    | 5.0%    |        |
| Net interest margin <sup>2</sup>                        | 7.7%    | 7.8%    |        |
| Expense/income ratio                                    | 55%     | 52%     |        |
| Bad debt ratio <sup>3</sup>                             | 2.2%    | 1.2%    |        |
| Return on net loan book <sup>4</sup>                    | 1.3%    | 2.6%    |        |

#### Notes:

- 1. Loan book including operating leases.
- Net interest, fees and operating lease income divided by average net loan book and operating leases.
- 3. Impairment losses divided by average net loan book and operating leases.
- 4. Adjusted operating profit divided by average net loan book and operating leases.

# **Our Banking businesses**

Good demand and loan book growth, with pricing discipline maintained

|                     | Banking<br>excl. Novitas   | Commercial excl. Novitas   | Retail                   | Property                 |
|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Income growth       | 6%                         | 7%                         | 5%                       | 5%                       |
| Loan book growth    | 6%                         | 8%                         | (2)%                     | 16%                      |
| Net interest margin | <b>7.6%</b> (2022: 7.5%)   | <b>7.2%</b> (2022: 7.3%)   | <b>8.2%</b> (2022: 7.8%) | <b>7.4%</b> (2022: 7.6%) |
| Cost growth         | 9%                         | 12%                        | 8%                       | 0%                       |
| Bad debt ratio      | <b>0.9%</b> (2022: 0.5%)   | <b>0.5%</b> (2022: 0.3%)   | <b>1.6%</b> (2022: 0.8%) | <b>1.1%</b> (2022: 0.4%) |
| AOP, pre provisions | <b>£314m</b> (2022: £309m) | <b>£143m</b> (2022: £142m) | <b>£84m</b> (2022: £85m) | <b>£87m</b> (2022: £82m) |
|                     |                            |                            |                          |                          |

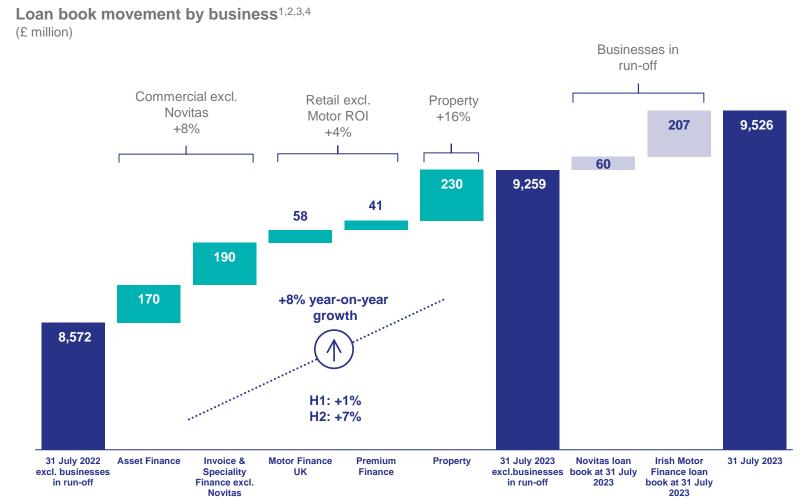
Continued demand across our Banking businesses with loan book growth of 8% excluding businesses in run-off

# Continued demand across our businesses

- Loan book increased 5%, with an acceleration of growth in the second half
- Growth of 8% when excluding the businesses in run-off
- Driven by strong demand in Commercial and high drawdowns in Property, with growth in Premium and UK Motor Finance offset by the run-off of the Irish book
- Growth initiatives delivered significant contribution to loan book growth

## Outlook for loan book growth

- Loan book growth continues to be an output of our model
- We are actively working to identify incremental and new opportunities in both our existing and adjacent markets
- Expect to sustain growth momentum generated in H2
- We remain confident in the growth outlook for the loan book over both the short and medium term



#### Notes:

- 1. The Asset Finance and Invoice & Speciality Finance loan books have been re-presented for 31 July 2022 to reflect the recategorisation of Close Brothers Vehicle Hire from Invoice & Speciality Finance to Asset Finance.
- 2. Includes £271.2 million of operating lease assets (£223.4 million in Asset Finance and £47.8 million in Invoice & Speciality Finance) (31 July 2022: £185.4 million in Asset Finance and £54.6 million in Invoice & Speciality Finance).
- 3. The Motor Finance loan book includes £206.7 million (31 July 2022: £367.2 million) relating to the Republic of Ireland Motor Finance business, which is in run-off following the cessation of our previous partnership in the Republic of Ireland from 30 June 2022.
- 4. Numbers may not cast due to rounding.

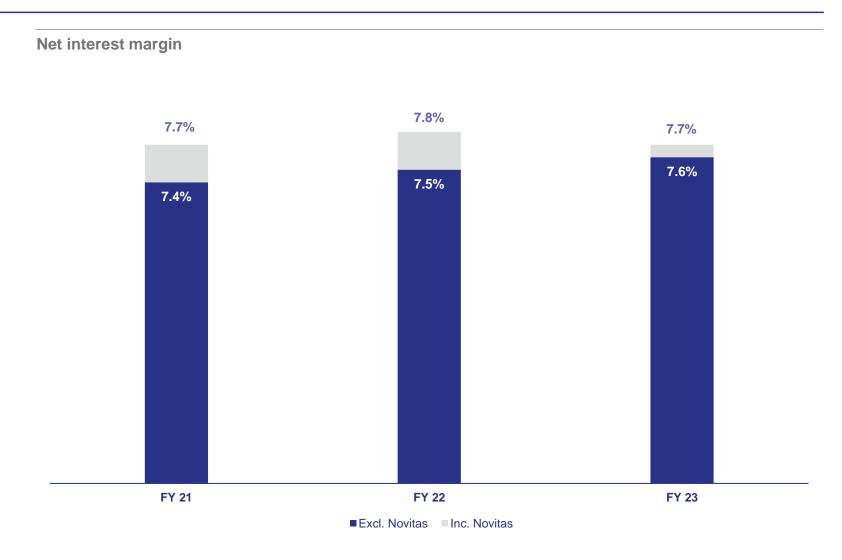
Well positioned to maintain a strong net interest margin as we continue to adopt a disciplined approach to pricing

## Strong net interest margin

- Reflects pricing discipline on new lending
- Benefited from optimisation of the group's liability mix and funding costs in a rising rate environment

# Well positioned to maintain a strong NIM

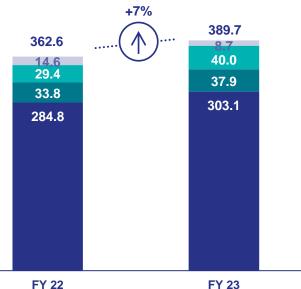
- Specialist, relationship driven model supports net interest margin
- Consistently strong NIM compared to sector average
- Remain focused on prioritising margin over volume growth



Focused on delivering positive operating leverage over the medium term

# FY23 costs mainly driven by salary increases and continued investment





- Novitas
- ■Investments excl. depreciation
- Depreciation related to investments
- ■BAU costs

#### Notes:

- 1. Refers to adjusted operating expenses.
- 2. Related ongoing costs resulting from investment projects are recategorised from investment costs to BAU costs after one year. For comparison purposes, £6.5 million has been recategorised from investment costs to BAU costs in the 2022 financial year to adjust for investment projects' ongoing costs that commenced prior to the 2023 financial year.
- Operating expenses excluding depreciation and costs related to strategic initiatives or investment programmes.
- 4. Excludes Novitas and Bluestone Motor Finance (Ireland)

## Key drivers<sup>4</sup> of our cost base

|  | FY23     | FY24     | FY25                                    |  |
|--|----------|----------|---|--|
| Volume and activity-driven growth  | 1        | 1        | lack                                    | Loan book growth in FY24 and FY25<br>expected to drive volume and activity<br>related costs  |
| Inflation and compensation<br>(inc. performance-linked variable<br>compensation) | 1        | <b>^</b> | <b>→</b>                                | <ul> <li>FY24 impacted by higher average salary awards and a normalisation of performance-linked compensation</li> <li>In FY25+, we expect lower inflationary pressure</li> </ul>  |
| Investment (inc. strategic growth initiatives and cost management programmes)    | 1        | 1        | <b>→</b>                                | <ul> <li>Continued investment in strategic cost<br/>management programmes in FY24</li> <li>Investment spend expected to stabilise<br/>in FY25 with depreciation peaking</li> </ul> |
| Efficiency savings (inc. benefits from tactical and strategic cost actions)      | <b>→</b> | <b>U</b> | <b>U</b>                                | Benefits from tactical and strategic cost<br>management initiatives expected in<br>FY24 and FY25   |
| Cost growth  | +7%      | +c.8-10% | More closely aligned with income growth |  |

Our approach to investments in the business

# Investing to support income generation and growth

Protects the differentiating strengths of our model. Allows us to continue competing in our niche markets with a high-touch model

### **Benefits**

- Significant contribution from new growth initiatives to loan book growth in FY23
- Strong NIM maintained through the cycle (10-year average: 8.0%)
- Strong customer satisfaction scores
- Retail deposits up 80% since launch of deposit platform<sup>1</sup>
- Motor Finance Transformation: UK loan book up 30% since FY17
- Asset Transformation: introducing single platform to support sales efforts with customer insights

# Investing to maintain operational resilience and regulatory compliance

Ensures appropriate response to evolving regulatory requirements and developments in the industry, including the emergence of best practice

### **Benefits**

- IRB transition further enhances credit risk management framework
- Implemented programme aligned to requirements of the FCA's Consumer Duty
- Strengthened our cyber resilience position
- Delivered operational resilience programme
- Increasing use of cloud-based services provides more flexibility and adaptability

# Investing to generate operational efficiency and cost savings

Creates further investment capacity and reduces cost base.

Strategic cost management programmes in progress with further opportunities being evaluated



## Spotlight: Technology transformation programme

A multi-year programme focused on strategic IT services

### **Benefits**

- Moving to outsourcing and offshoring model, migrating to a single third party service provider
- 45 IT applications removed, further in the pipeline
- · Reducing cost base

Higher impairment charges reflecting Novitas and forward-looking provisions for weaker macroeconomic variables

### Bad debt ratio of 2.2%

 Included £116.8 million of impairment charges related to Novitas – £114.8 million taken in H1

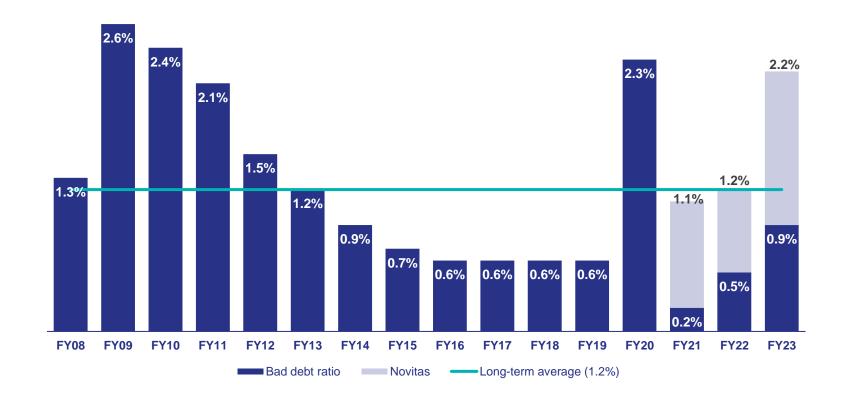
# Underlying bad debt ratio of 0.9%

- £87.2 million of impairment charges driven by:
  - Weaker macroeconomic variables and outlook¹
  - Increased arrears levels in Motor Finance, which have stabilised since H1
- No significant impact of external environment on credit performance at this stage

### Outlook for bad debt ratio

- Continue to monitor closely the evolving impacts of rising inflation and cost of living on our customers
- Remain confident in the quality of our loan book, which is predominantly secured or structurally protected, prudently underwritten and diverse
- Expected to remain below long-term average of 1.2% in FY24, based on current market conditions

Long-term average bad debt ratio excluding Novitas<sup>2</sup>



#### Notes

- 1. Macroeconomic scenarios have been updated to reflect the latest available information regarding the macroeconomic environment and outlook, although the weightings assigned to them remain unchanged since the 2022 financial year-end. Resulting position at 31 July 2023 was a 32.5% weighting to the baseline scenario, 30% to the upside and 37.5% to the downside.
- 2. Bad debt ratio calculated using IAS 39 until the change to IFRS 9 in FY19. Bad debt ratio excluding Novitas only disclosed from FY21 onwards. Long average bad debt ratio of 1.2% based on the average bad debt ratio for FY08-FY23, excluding Novitas.

## **Asset Management**

Strong net inflows, with a significant contribution from new hires

- Increase in managed assets driven by strong net inflows, partly offset by negative market performance
- 2% decline in income reflecting the impact of difficult market conditions on income from advice and other services, more than offsetting increased investment management income
- Increase in expenses as we accelerated our growth strategy and implemented inflationary-driven salary rises
- AOP reduced by 27%
- Reduction in revenue margin due to flows into lower margin investment management and non-advised products
- 9% net inflows with strong contribution from new hires

| £ billion                              | 31 July<br>2023 | 31 July<br>2022 | %<br>change |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Total managed assets                   | 16.4            | 15.3            | 7           |
| Total client assets <sup>1</sup>       | 17.3            | 16.6            | 5           |
| £ million                              | 2023            | 2022            | %<br>change |
| Operating income                       | 144.8           | 148.0           | (2)         |
| Investment management                  | 113.3           | 110.4           | 3           |
| Advice and other services <sup>2</sup> | 29.9            | 36.1            | (17)        |
| Other income <sup>3</sup>              | 1.6             | 1.5             | 7           |
| Adjusted operating expenses            | (128.8)         | (126.3)         | 2           |
| Impairment losses on financial assets  | (0.1)           | -               | n/a         |
| Adjusted operating profit              | 15.9            | 21.7            | (27)        |
| Operating margin                       | 11%             | 15%             |             |
| Revenue margin                         | 84bps           | 87bps           |             |
| Return on opening equity               | 15.5%           | 28.6%           |             |
| Net inflows                            | 9%              | 5%              |             |

#### Notes

- 1. Total client assets include £4.9 billion of assets (31 July 2022: £5.1 billion) that are both advised and managed.
- 2. Income from advice and self-directed services, excluding investment management income.
- 3. Other income includes net interest income and expense, income on principal investments and other income.

## Winterflood

Continued impact from slowdown in retail trading activity

- Challenging market conditions continued to impact investor appetite
- Reduced retail activity with average daily bargains at 60k, marginally above prepandemic levels (FY19: 56k)
- Operating income decreased reflecting lower trading revenues, with all trading sectors reporting a decline year-on-year except Fixed Income
- Diversified revenue streams, supported by strong income growth of 45% at WBS, with AuA up to £12.9 billion
- Operating expenses decreased as a result of lower variable staff costs
- Operating profit decreased 75% against a backdrop of challenging market conditions and sustained market declines
- Long track record of trading profitably in a range of market conditions and well positioned to benefit when market conditions improve

|                          |        |        | %      |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| £ million                | 2023   | 2022   | change |
| Operating income         | 75.3   | 95.2   | (21)   |
| Operating expenses       | (71.8) | (81.1) | (11)   |
| Operating profit         | 3.5    | 14.1   | (75)   |
| Average bargains per day | 60k    | 81k    |        |
| Operating margin         | 5%     | 15%    |        |
| Return on opening equity | 2.6%   | 10.5%  |        |
| Loss days                | 1      | 8      |        |
| WBS AuA (£ billion)      | 12.9   | 7.2    |        |

## **Strong balance sheet**

Well placed to continue funding and supporting loan book growth

## **Prudent approach**

- Conservative approach to funding, focused on diversity of sources and prudent maturity profile
- Maintain "borrow long, lend short" principle
- Prudent liquidity management, with Liquidity Coverage Ratio over 1,000%

## **Diverse funding base**

- Average cost of funds in Banking increased to 3.2% (2022: 1.2%) due to rising interest rates
- Mitigated pressure on cost of funds by continued optimisation of group's liability mix
- Expect average cost of funds to further increase in the next financial year
- Successful issuance of a £250 million senior unsecured bond<sup>3</sup>
- 14% increase in our total deposit base to £7.7bn as we actively grew our Retail deposits
- Retail book now makes up 54% of deposits
- Strong credit ratings<sup>1</sup>, with Close Brothers Ltd rated Aa3 by Moody's

Fotal funding £12.4 billion

Average maturity of funding allocated to loan book at 21 months<sup>2</sup>

Loan book

£9.5 billion

Average maturity of the loan book at 16 months

**Treasury assets** 

£2.2 billion

Includes £1.9bn with central banks



- Equity 13% TFSME funding³ 5%
- Retail deposits 3

- Unsecured funding 10%
- Secured funding 9%
- Non-retail deposits 29%

+35%
Increase in retail deposits over the year

C.85%
Retail deposits protected by FSCS4

#### Notes

- 1 Moody's rates Close Brothers Group ("CBG") A2/P1 and Close Brothers Limited ("CBL") Aa3/P1, both with a 'stable' outlook. Fitch rates both CBG and CBL A-/F2 with a 'negative' outlook.
- 2 Average maturity of total available funding, excluding equity and funding held for liquidity purposes.
- 3 Term Funding Scheme with Additional Incentives for SMEs and includes an immaterial Indexed Long Term Repo facility.
- 4 Financial Services Compensation Scheme.

# **Capital**

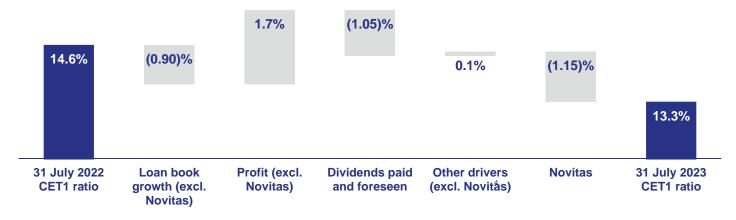
### Strong capital position

- Reduction in CET1 capital ratio mainly reflected the impact of Novitas, loan book growth and underlying profit
- Increase in RWAs mainly driven by loan book growth
- Leverage ratio remained strong at 11.4%
- Continue to engage with the PRA on IRB application with additional documentation submitted as part of Phase 2

## **Capital overview**

|                                     | 31 July 2023 | 31 July 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| CET1 capital ratio (transitional) 1 | 13.3%        | 14.6%        |
| Total capital ratio (transitional)  | 15.3%        | 16.6%        |
| Leverage ratio <sup>3</sup>         | 11.4%        | 12.0%        |
| CET1 capital (£m)                   | 1,311        | 1,397        |
| RWAs (£m)                           | 9,848        | 9,591        |

Movement in CET1 capital ratio over the year<sup>1,2</sup>



#### Notes:

- 1. The fully loaded CET1 ratio, excluding the application of IFRS 9 transitional arrangements, was 13.0% at 31 July 2023 (31 July 2022: 13.8%).
- 2. Numbers may not cast due to rounding.
- 3. The leverage ratio is calculated as tier 1 capital as a percentage of total balance sheet assets excluding central bank claims, adjusting for certain capital deductions, including intangible assets, and off balance sheet exposures, in line with the UK leverage framework under CRR.
- 4. Other drivers includes IFRS 9 transitional arrangements, RWAs associated with derivatives and credit valuation adjustment and other smaller drivers.

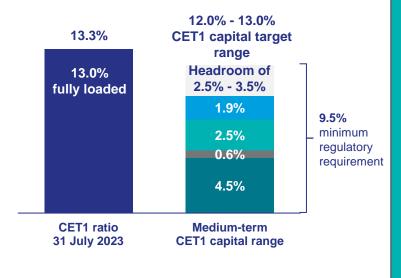
# Capital management framework

Prudent management of financial resources is a core part of our business model

# **CET1** capital ratio target range

Targeting a CET1 capital ratio range of 12% to 13% over medium term, which will allow the group to maintain a buffer to minimum regulatory requirements while retaining flexibility for growth

Opportunities to deploy capital to deliver disciplined growth and to optimise further our capital structure



## Deploying capital to deliver disciplined growth



Loan book growth

Deploy capital to support disciplined loan book growth in Banking



Strategic growth opportunities

Strategic growth initiatives and small acquisitions that fit with our business model



Capital distributions to shareholders

Commitment to a progressive and sustainable dividend while maintaining a prudent level of dividend cover

Further capital distributions to shareholders will be assessed based on future opportunities



## Supporting our customers when it matters most

Building on our long history of loan book growth

# Uncertainty remains but UK economy still growing

- Economic activity has been more resilient than expected
- Persistent inflation and faster than expected interest rate rises
- Improved outlook for unemployment
- Challenging backdrop for both consumers and SME customers

# Cautious optimism returning for UK SMEs<sup>1</sup>

- SME business confidence continues to rise modestly, reversing 2022's downward trend
- Appetite to invest and expand in the next 12 months remains stable
- Different dynamics across our businesses but overall demand has continued









Well placed to support customers amidst an uncertain environment leveraging our relationships, expertise and service



Disciplined underwriting and pricing



Quality loan book, predominantly secured, prudently underwritten and diverse



Strong balance sheet to support growth



A long history of loan book growth through the cycle

#### Notes

 Source: Close Brothers Asset Finance's Business Sentiment Index. All figures, unless otherwise stated, are from a Censuswide survey conducted in September 2023. The survey canvassed the opinion of 911 SME owners across the UK and Ireland and across several industries on a range of issues affecting their businesses.

# Moving forward on the delivery of our strategy



Remain focused on our strategic priorities



—Protect



-Grow



-Sustain



Resuming our track record of earnings growth and returns

1

**Disciplined growth** 

Delivering disciplined growth

2)

**Cost efficiency** 

Strategic cost management initiatives in place. Focused on delivering positive operating leverage over the medium term

**3** 

**Capital optimisation** 

Committed to optimising further our capital structure, with opportunities to deploy capital to deliver disciplined growth

## **Grow: Committed to delivering disciplined growth**

Leveraging our relationships, expertise and relentless focus on customer service to deliver disciplined growth



We aim to provide £1.0 billion of funding for battery electric vehicles by FY 2027



#### £164 million lent in 2023

Significant opportunity in broadening our sustainable finance offering

Incremental growth opportunities

Actively reviewing opportunities for growth that fit our business model



Hired new teams focused on adjacent asset classes in Asset Finance, who are executing deals

Continued to take advantage of opportunities in the ABL space and participated in first syndication deal

Hired new team providing bespoke loan structures for SMEs

Successful piloting of a buy-to-let offering to existing Property bridging finance customers

Agreed to acquire Bluestone Motor Finance, providing a platform for disciplined growth in Ireland

Capitalising on long-term trends in Wealth Management

Target net inflows of 6% - 10% in CBAM, subject to market conditions



9% net inflow rate in 2023 with strong contribution from new hires

Building on an excellent track record of increasing client assets organically

Accelerated growth strategy of continued selective hiring and building pipeline of in-fill acquisitions

Significant growth potential in WBS

Targeted WBS assets under administration exceeding £10 billion in the 2023 financial year



Grew AuA to £12.9 billion at 31 July 2023, supported by onboarding of Fidelity International

Award-winning and highly scalable proprietary technology

See significant growth potential with WBS in years to come

Expect to grow AuA to over £20 billion by FY26

# **Business update – Banking**

Commercial





## Commercial

Lends to SMEs through our direct sales force and third-party distribution channels Asset Finance

- Good customer demand in spite of competitive market
- Supported by new specialist lending teams
- Strong new business volumes in Leasing, particularly Contract Hire and Energy

### **Invoice & Speciality Finance**

- Record new business volumes and an uptick in utilisation
- Good growth in Irish business
- · Completed first syndication deal

# Commercial average new business volumes (£ million)





# **Business update – Banking**

Retail





## Retail

Provides finance to individuals and businesses through a network of intermediaries

### **Motor Finance**

- Prioritised margin and pricing discipline, passing through multiple rate rises
- Growth in UK business, supported by our enhanced proposition and new routes to market
- Partnership with AutoTrader proving successful

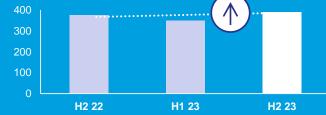
### **Premium Finance**

 Increased volumes in H2 in the consumer business, benefiting from premium inflation and growth in average loan sizes

Retail (excl. Irish Motor Finance) average new business volumes

(£ million)

400



# **Business update – Banking**

**Property** 





## **Property**

Provides short-term residential development finance for experienced professionals and offers refurbishment and bridging loans

- Seen a slowdown in the UK property market with rising interest rates and a fall in housebuilding levels
- Strong drawdowns and a normalising of repayment levels
- Grown active customer numbers, with pipeline now at a record level
- Good demand for our growth initiatives including our specialist buy-to-let extension and enhanced LTV offering for select customers
- Continued focus on growing regional loan book

Repayments, drawdowns and undrawn pipeline (£ million)



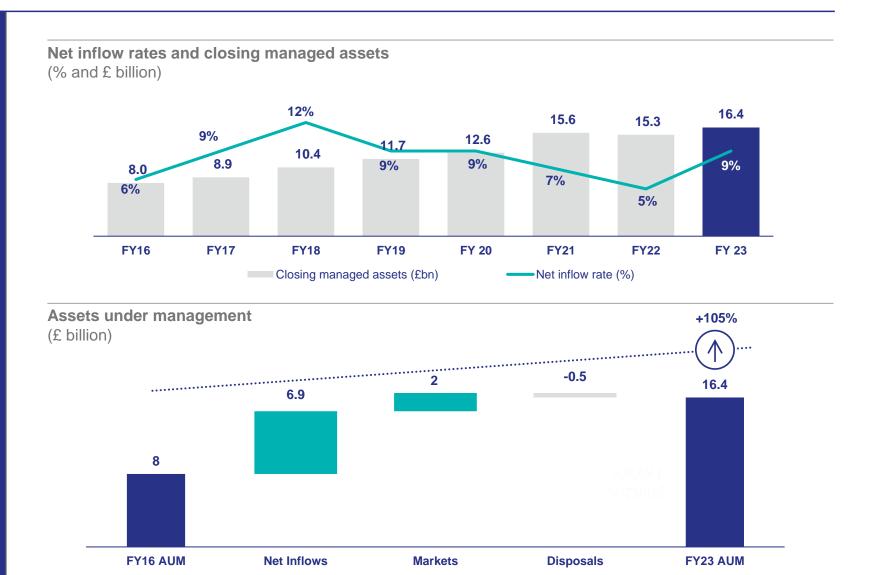


## **Business update – Asset Management**

Acceleration of our growth strategy

## **Accelerated growth strategy**

- Increased rate of hiring, recruiting 15 new bespoke managers during the year
- New hires contributed significantly to strong net inflow rate
- Strong momentum in net inflow rates in August
- Opened new offices in Cheltenham and Birmingham to support new teams
- Building healthy acquisition pipeline



## **Business update – Winterflood**

Continued diversification of revenue streams to balance the cyclicality seen in the trading business

## Balancing cyclicality in the trading business

- · Continued slowdown in trading activity from geopolitical and economic uncertainty
- Domestically-focused UK indices have suffered sustained market declines, negatively impacting investor confidence and appetite
- Confident in Winterflood's track record
- Well positioned to retain market position and benefit when investor appetite returns
- Exploring growth opportunities to balance the cyclicality seen in the trading business

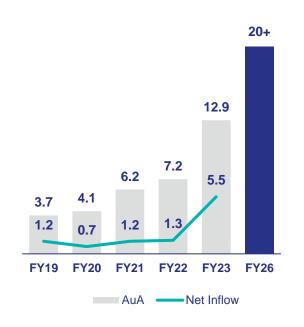
# Diversified revenue streams and growth initiatives

- Diversification within market-making business through Fixed Income
- Investment Trusts business acts as corporate broker to over 50 Investment Trusts
- Launched collaborations with PrimaryBid and JP Jenkins in initiatives to simplify UK retail participation in capital markets
- Well placed to benefit when market conditions improve

### **Winterflood Business Services**

- WBS continued its positive trajectory despite sustained declines in equity markets
- AuA grew to £12.9 billion after successfully completing the planned migration of custody assets of Fidelity International
- Strong income growth of 45% to £14.8 million
- Strong pipeline of clients and diversification of client base provides a basis to drive growth both externally and organically
- Focused on developing our client relationships and investing in our technology
- Expected to grow to over £20 billion of AuA by FY26

# WBS AuA (£ billion)



## **Sustain: Our responsibility**

Our responsibility remains fundamental to our purpose, strategy and culture



Our car fleet

Now

46.1%

battery electric with average emissions now down to 23.5 gCO<sub>2</sub>/km

E

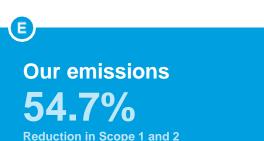
Our green lending

£1 billion

of lending for zero emissions battery electric vehicles over five years to 2027

2023:£164m

- Environmental
- Social
- Governance



54.8%

Renewable energy as a proportion of our energy use across our offices and Brewery Rentals business

emissions since 2019 (market based)





**Our inclusivity** 

96%

of our colleagues feel included



## **Our inclusivity**

37 students completed sixweek internships:

31 as part of the 10,000 Black Interns programme

Six university students from lower socioeconomic backgrounds through our partnership with upReach



### **Our alliances**

As a signatory to the NZBA, we commit to transition our lending and investment portfolios to align with net-zero pathways by 2050

S

**Our communities** 

200

employees used their volunteering day

## Outlook



### Growth

- Encouraged by the momentum generated in Banking and CBAM in H2, with a good start to FY24
- · Expect to sustain growth momentum in FY24
- · Well positioned to maintain strong margins

### Costs

### **Banking**

- FY24 c.8-10% cost growth
- FY25 cost growth to more closely align with income growth
- Investing to support growth and cost efficiencies

#### **CBAM**

 Acceleration of our hiring strategy will continue to be reflected in the cost trajectory going forward

### Winterflood

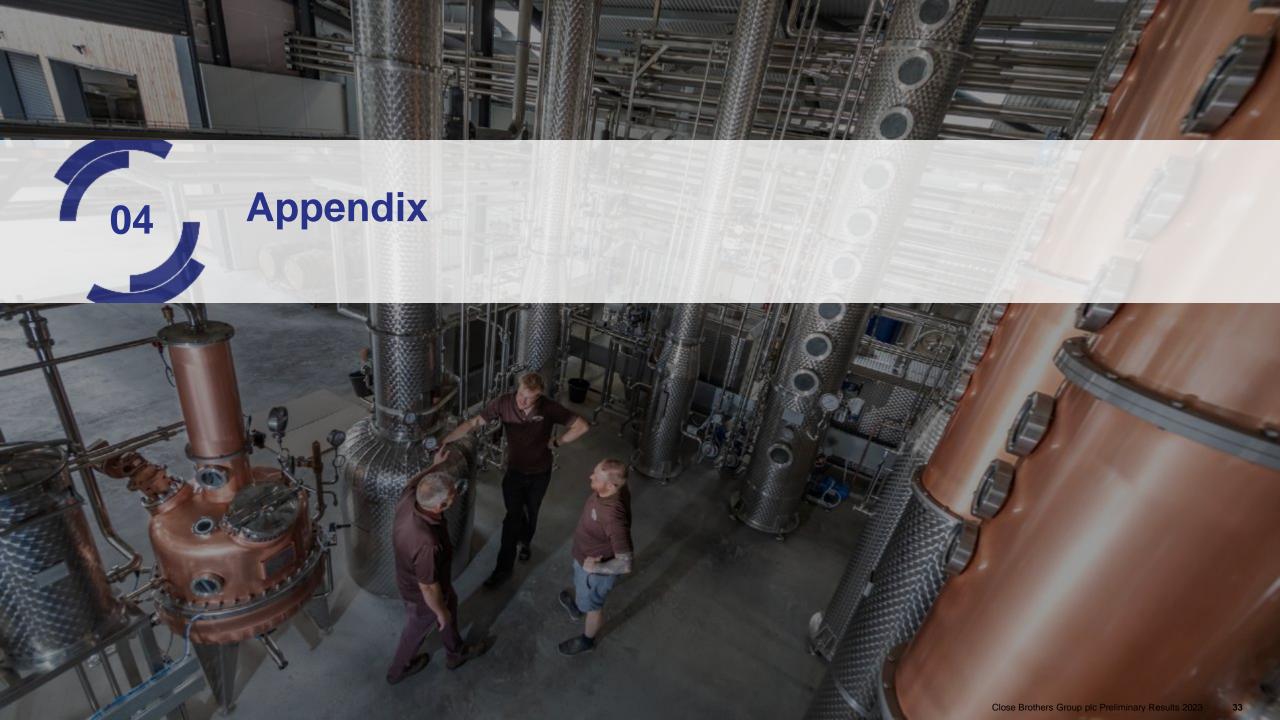
Variable cost base to reflect recovery in income

## **Credit performance**

 FY24 bad debt ratio expected to remain below long-term average (excluding Novitas) of 1.2%, based on current market conditions

## **CET1** capital ratio

· Targeting 12% to 13% over the medium term



## **Appendix: Novitas**

Accelerated efforts to resolve the issues surrounding Novitas and ensure good customer outcomes

# No read-across to other books in our portfolio

Provisions adequately reflects the remaining risk of credit losses

- Recognised £116.8 million of additional provisions in 2023, of which £114.6 million recognised in H1
- Materially increased the assumptions for Probability of Default and Loss Given Default in H1

## Litigation against ATE insurer

- Entered into formal legal action against one of the ATE insurers
- Relates to the recoverability of funds in relation to failed cases
- Entered into a settlement with another small ATE insurer and remain in discussions with a third

# Novitas impairment provisions (£ million) and coverage ratio (%)



## Other financial impact

**Net income** related to Novitas expected to reduce from £18.9 million in FY23 to c.£9 million in FY24

# **Appendix: Income Statement**

**Including and excluding Novitas** 

| Including Novitas £ million               | 2023    | 2022    | %<br>change |
|---|---------|---------|-------------|
| Operating income                          | 932.6   | 936.1   | -           |
| Adjusted operating expenses               | (615.0) | (598.0) | 3           |
| Impairment losses                         | (204.1) | (103.3) | 98          |
| Adjusted operating profit                 | 113.5   | 234.8   | (52)        |
| Adjusted operating profit, pre provisions | 317.6   | 338.1   | (6)         |
|   |         |         |             |
| Excluding Novitas (£ million)             | 2023    | 2022    | %<br>change |
| Operating income                          | 913.7   | 900.1   | 2           |
| Adjusted operating expenses               | (606.3) | (583.4) | 4           |
| Impairment losses                         | (87.3)  | (42.6)  | 105         |
| Adjusted operating profit                 | 220.1   | 274.1   | (20)        |
| Adjusted operating profit, pre provisions | 307.4   | 316.7   | (3)         |

# **Appendix: Lending model**

Prudent and disciplined approach to lending

# A proven and resilient lending model

Long track record of disciplined and consistent lending through the cycle

Predominantly secured loan book, with short tenors and low average loan sizes

Experience in underwriting, collections and credit risk management

Scenario planning to leverage internal expertise and experience

Well positioned to protect the business and maximise opportunity in the event of a downturn

|                              | Core products and security <sup>1</sup>  | Average<br>loan size <sup>2,3</sup> | Typical loan maturity <sup>2,3</sup> |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Asset Finance                | <ul> <li>Commercial asset financing, hire<br/>purchase and leasing solutions</li> <li>Diverse range of assets and sectors</li> </ul>             | c.£57k                              | 3 – 4 years                          |
| Invoice & Speciality Finance | <ul> <li>Debt factoring, invoice discounting<br/>and asset-based lending</li> <li>Includes our smaller, specialist<br/>businesses</li> </ul>     | c.£595k                             | 3 months                             |
| Motor Finance                | <ul> <li>Point of sale finance for predominantly used vehicles</li> <li>PCP c.9% of the loan book</li> </ul>                                     | c.£7k                               | 4 years                              |
| Premium Finance              | <ul> <li>Personal and commercial insurance<br/>policies</li> <li>Policy refundability and/or broker<br/>recourse</li> </ul>                      | c.£0.5k                             | 11 months                            |
| Property Finance             | <ul> <li>Residential development finance,<br/>refurbishment and bridging loans</li> <li>Typical LTVs below standard<br/>market levels</li> </ul> | c.£1,500k                           | 12 – 24 months <sup>4</sup>          |

<sup>1.</sup> Lending statistic figures are for illustrative purposes only and may not be representative of all loan types. The profile of individual loans may vary significantly.

<sup>2.</sup> Approximations at 31 July 2023.

<sup>3.</sup> Typical loan maturities for new business on a contractual basis, except core Invoice Finance which is on a behavioural basis. Average loan size and typical loan maturity include the Invoice Finance business only.

<sup>4.</sup> Typical development loan maturity. 36 – 60 months typical investment term loan maturity.

# **Appendix: Model Fit Assessment Framework**

Protecting the key attributes of our model



# **Appendix: Sustain – Our Responsibility**

Our responsibility is fundamental to our purpose, strategy and culture

| Sustainab | ole objectives   | Our progress At 31 July 2023  | Our targets  |
|-----------|--|---|--|
|           | Environment Reducing our impact on the environment and tackling climate change   | <ul> <li>55% reduction in Scope 1 and 2 emissions since 2019<sup>1</sup></li> <li>CBG car fleet now 46% battery electric</li> <li>Lent £164 million for battery electric vehicles in 2023</li> <li>Became a signatory to the Net Zero Banking Alliance and Net Zero Asset Managers Alliance</li> </ul>                                      | <ul> <li>Operationally net zero by 2030 through our Scope 1 and 2 emissions</li> <li>Align all operational and attributable emissions from our lending and investment portfolios with pathways to net zero by 2050</li> <li>Aim to provide over £1.0 billion of lending for battery electric vehicles over the five years to 2027</li> </ul> |
|           | Society Ensuring we are a diverseand inclusive employer. Serving the needs of our customers.                           | <ul> <li>31% female senior managers at 31 July 2023</li> <li>9% of managers from an ethnic minority background at 31 July 2023</li> <li>Strong customer scores<sup>2</sup>: <ul> <li>Asset Finance CSAT 92%</li> <li>Motor Finance dealer NPS +75</li> <li>Property Finance NPS +88</li> <li>Savings online CSAT 80%</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>36% female senior managers by 2025</li> <li>14% of our managers to be of an ethnic minority background by 2025</li> <li>Maintain or improve customer satisfaction scores across our businesses</li> </ul>   |
|           | Governance Setting high standards of corporate governance to ethically and transparently achieve long term success for | <ul> <li>36% of board members were female at 31 July 2023</li> <li>Met the recommendations of the Parker Review</li> <li>CBAM a signatory of the UK Stewardship</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Maintain high standards of governance,<br/>with appropriate Board level oversight</li> <li>Continue to build on our external ESG<br/>ratings</li> </ul>   |

Current ratings of AA from MSCI and 26.8





















our stakeholders.

Code

from Sustainalytics

<sup>1.</sup> Market based Scope 1 and 2 emissions.

<sup>2.</sup> Customer satisfaction score ("CSAT"). Net promoter score ("NPS"). Property Finance NPS excludes Commercial Acceptances.