

Preliminary Results Year to 31 July 2019

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Agenda

- 1. Introduction Preben Prebensen, Group Chief Executive
- 2. Financial review Mike Morgan, Group Finance Director
- 3. Business update Preben Prebensen, Group Chief Executive
- 4. Q&A



Key Messages

Solid FY 2019 results in challenging markets

Solid financial performance with strong returns and profitability

- Group AOP of £270.5 million, down 3%
- Strong RoE at 15.7% and CET1 ratio of 13.0%
- 5% dividend growth to 66.0p

Specialism and diversity continue to protect our business

- · Continued loan book growth across the Banking division with strong net interest margin and low bad debt
- Asset Management maintained good momentum with net inflows at 9%
- Winterflood delivered solid profitability in difficult market conditions

Strategy

- Continued growth in line with our prudent and disciplined model
- Investing in the long term and through the cycle to protect, improve and extend our business with substantial benefits to date
- Resilient model to support our customers and clients in a wide range of market conditions



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Financial Highlights

Solid operating performance supporting strong returns

Adjusted EPS ¹	136.7p	 Adjusted EPS reduced 2% reflecting lower profit in the period
Return on opening equity	15.7%	Generated strong return on opening equity
CET1 capital ratio	13.0%	Strong CET1 capital ratio
Leverage ratio	11.0%	Strong leverage ratio
Dividend per share	66.0p	5% increase in dividend in line with our progressive dividend policy
Loan growth ²	5.7%	Good loan book growth across the whole book
Net interest margin	7.9%	Broadly stable net interest margin reflecting pricing discipline
Bad debt ratio	0.6%	Continued strong credit performance
Net inflow rate	9%	Good growth momentum in Asset Management
Loss days	2	Solid trading profitability despite difficult market conditions

² The loan book at 1 August 2018 excludes the unsecured retail point of sale finance loan book of £66.2 million, which was classified as held for sale at the balance sheet date.



¹ Basic EPS (continuing operations) of 133.5 p and Basic EPS (continuing and discontinued operations) of 134.2p.

Segmental performance

Diverse businesses drive overall solid performance

£ million	2019	2018	change			
Banking	253.7	251.8	1%	>	1	Strong loan book growth and NIM across Asset Finance and Invoice and Speciality Finance and continued low bad debt
Commercial	86.5	76.1	14% -	!		Loan book growth offset by ongoing
Retail	72.5	81.1	(11%) -			investment in Premium and Motor Finance
Property	94.7	94.6	0% -	>		Maintained solid performance , with profits broadly unchanged on the prior year
Asset Management	21.8	23.1	(6%)	>	• [Profits impacted by lower market levels and continued investment
Securities	20.0	28.1	(29%)	,		
Group	(25.0)	(24.4)	2%	¦-⇒		Reduction in trading income reflecting significantly lower volumes
Adjusted operating profit	270.5	278.6	(3%)	-		



Income statement

Higher income and continued investment

Continuing operations ¹ £ million	2019	2018	change			
Adjusted operating income	816.4	805.8	1%	>	•	Income growth driven by Banki offset by lower trading income
Adjusted operating expenses	(497.4)	(480.5)	4%	>	•	Higher investment in Banking a
Impairment losses	(48.5)	(46.7)	4%			Management
				,	•	Strong credit performance acrelending portfolios
Adjusted operating profit ²	270.5	278.6	(3%)	-		lending portionos
Operating profit before tax	264.7	271.2	(2%)	;->	•	Increased profits in Banking a challenging market conditions
Effective tax rate	24.3%	24.7%				Management and Winterflood
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	1.1	(2.2)				
Profit attributable to shareholders ³	201.6	202.3				

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³ Profit attributable to shareholders from continuing and discontinued operations



¹ Results from continuing operations exclude unsecured retail point of sale finance business, which was sold on 1 January 2019, and has been classified as a discontinued operation in the group's income statement for the 2018 and 2019 financial years.

² Adjusted operating profit excludes £5.8 million (2018: £7.4 million) of amortisation of intangible assets on acquisition, and profit from discontinued operations of £1.1 million (2018: loss of £2.2 million) net of tax.

Strong and transparent balance sheet

Diverse funding and prudent liquidity

Total funding £9.9 billion

 Average maturity of loan book funding at 20 months

Loan book £7.6 billion

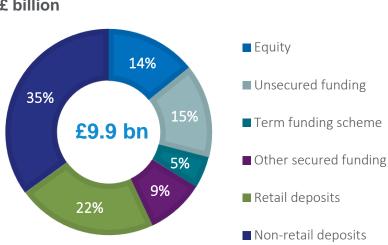
 Average maturity of the loan book at 14 months

Treasury assets £1.4 billion

£1.1bn with central banks

- Prudent level of funding, covering loan book by 129%
- Maintained the principle to "Borrow long, lend short"
- Maintain prudent liquidity position while optimising level and mix of treasury assets

Diverse funding base £ billion



- Access to diverse funding sources supported by strong and stable credit ratings¹, with Close Brothers Ltd rated Aa3 with stable outlook (Moody's)²
- Continue to optimise cost of funds through disciplined deposit pricing and renewal of facilities
- New deposit platform creates opportunity to further expand and diversify our funding base

Notes:

1 Moody's rates Close Brothers Group ("CBG") A3/P2, with stable outlook. Fitch rates both CBG and CBL A/F1, having previously revised the outlook to rating watch negative alongside UK peers in March 2019 to reflect their view of the increased risk of a disruptive 'no deal' Brexit scenario. 2 Long-term deposit rating of Close Brothers Limited.



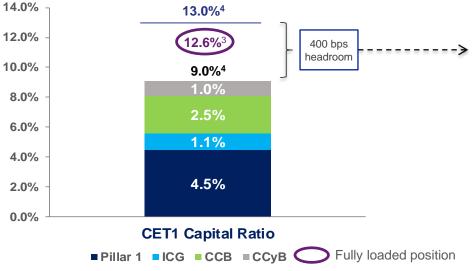
Capital

Maintain significant headroom to capital requirements

Capital overview¹

	1 August 2018	31 July 2019		
CET1 capital ratio	12.7%	13.0%	·>	 Increased CET1 capital ratio reflects continued profitability
Total capital ratio	15.0%	15.2%		and slower loan book growth at this stage in the cycle
Leverage ratio ²	10.6%	11.0%	·>	Strong leverage ratio
CET1 capital (£m)	1,082.2	1,169.2	·>	Strong capital generation to support continued loan book growth
RWAs (£m)	8,542.6	8,967.4	>	RWA growth reflects continued loan book growth

Capital position vs requirements



- Comfortably ahead of minimum regulatory requirements
- Good progress towards IRB application

- 1 Numbers and ratios presented on a transitional basis after applying IFRS 9 arrangements that allow the capital impact of expected credit losses to be phased in over a five year period, and the Capital Requirements Regulation ("CRR") transitional arrangements for grandfathered Tier 2 capital instruments.
- 2 The leverage ratio is calculated as tier 1 capital as a percentage of total balance sheet assets, adjusting for certain capital deductions, including intangible assets, and off balance sheet exposures.
- 3 Ratio presented including the fully loaded impact of IFRS 9.
- 4 Rounding results in a casting variance of 0.1%.



Banking

Profit growth alongside ongoing investment

Continuing operations ¹ £ million	2019	2018	change		
Adjusted operating income	602.6	581.0	4%	>	Good loan book growth at strong margins across the businesses
Adjusted operating expenses	(300.5)	(282.5)	6%	>	Higher costs reflect increase in investment,
Impairment losses	(48.4)	(46.7)	4%		 offset by ongoing cost discipline Stable staff costs and slightly reduced compensation ratio to 28% (2018: 29%)
Adjusted operating profit	253.7	251.8	1%		 Over 2/3 of the increase relate to spend on
					strategic projects
Net interest margin ²	7.9%	8.0%			
Expense/income ratio	50%	49%		·> •	Broadly stable net interest margin reflects continued pricing discipline
Bad debt ratio ³	0.6%	0.6%		→	morease in E/i fallo reflects incremental
Return on net loan book ⁴	3.3%	3.5%			investment, offset by ongoing cost control

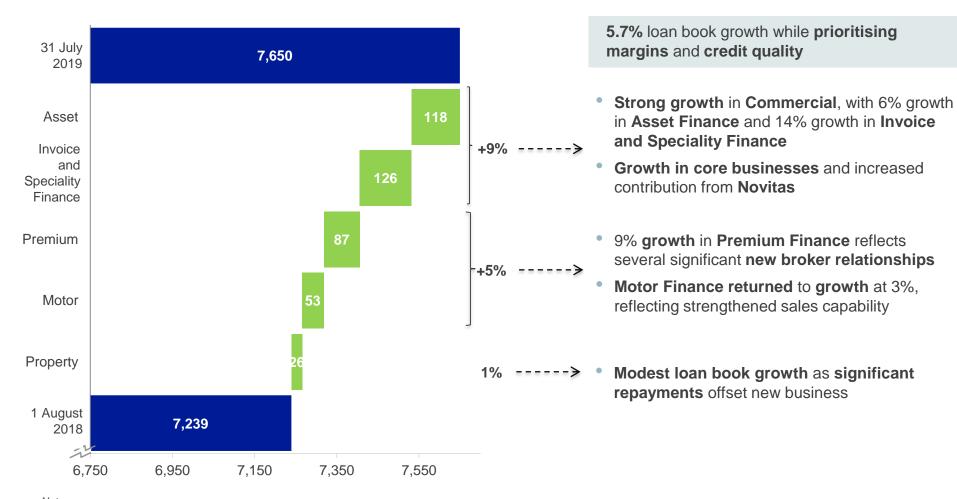
- 1 Results from continuing operations exclude unsecured retail point of sale finance business, which was sold on 1 January 2019, and has been classified as a discontinued operation in the group's income statement for the 2018 and 2019 financial years.
- 2 Net interest, fees and operating lease income divided by average net loan book and operating leases.
- 3 Impairment losses divided by average net loan book and operating leases.
- 4 Adjusted operating profit divided by average net loan book and operating leases.



Banking

Good loan book growth while maintaining pricing and underwriting discipline

Loan book growth by segment (£ million)¹



¹ Excludes operating lease assets of £198.6 million in 2018 and £220.4 million in 2019 relating mainly to the Invoice and Speciality Finance business.



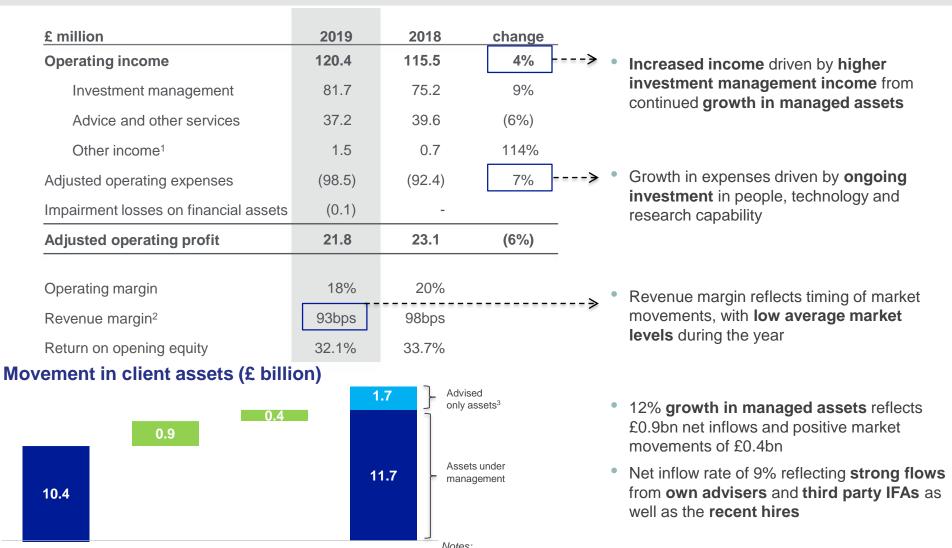
Banking

Performance reflects diversity of business portfolio

	Net interest margin ¹	Bad debt ¹	Expense / income	% of loan book	
Commercial	8.1% 2018 7.9%	0.8% 2018 0.6%	56% 2018 59%	39%	 Commercial NIM increased to 8.1% due to growth in higher margin products Marginal increase in bad debt ratio but remains close to historical lows E/I reduced due to strong income growth
Retail	8.1% 2018 8.4%	0.9% 2018 0.9%	56% 2018 53%	37%	 NIM reflects lower fee income and growth in lower margin business lines Consistent credit performance with stable bad debt ratio E/I ratio reflects ongoing investment across both Premium and Motor Finance
Property	7.1% 2018 7.5%	(0.0%) 2018 0.2%	27% 2018 24%	24%	 Property NIM reduced reflecting higher cost of funds and lower fee income Continued strong credit performance, with no material provisions in the period E/I ratio reflects lower operational requirements
Banking division	7.9% 2018 8.0%	0.6% 2018 0.6%	50% 2018 49%		Note: 1 Prior year comparatives for key metrics reported under IAS39

Asset Management

Strong net inflows in challenging markets



FY 19 TCA

Markets



FY 18 AUM

Net flows

1 Includes £1.4 million gain on disposal of a portfolio of self-directed intermediated clients in the second half of 2019.

2 Income from advice, investment management and related services divided by average total client assets. Average total client assets calculated as a two-point average.

3 Rounding results in a casting variance of £0.1bn

Modern Merchant Banking

Securities

Continued solid trading profitability in difficult market conditions

£ million	2019	2018	change	
Operating income	93.4	109.1	(14%)> •	Reduced income reflecting subdued trading
Operating expenses	(73.4)	(81.0)	(9%)	volumes
Operating profit	20.0	28.1	(29%)	Operating expenses decreased reflecting variable costs
Average bargains per day	56k	68k	(18%) > •	Reduction in trading volumes reflecting low market activity by both retail and institutional
Operating margin	21%	26%		investors
Return on opening equity	20.7%	29.1%	•	Only two loss days reflecting traders' expertise
Loss days	2	0	>	and strong risk management of positions



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Delivering on our purpose

Continuing to add value for all our stakeholders

Employees

Employee engagement
Diversity
Equality
Talent and expertise



To help the people and businesses of Britain thrive over the long term

Customers

Customer feedback and engagement Strong net promoter scores High repeat business

Shareholders

Strong returns
Progressive dividend
Consistent growth
Long-term resilience

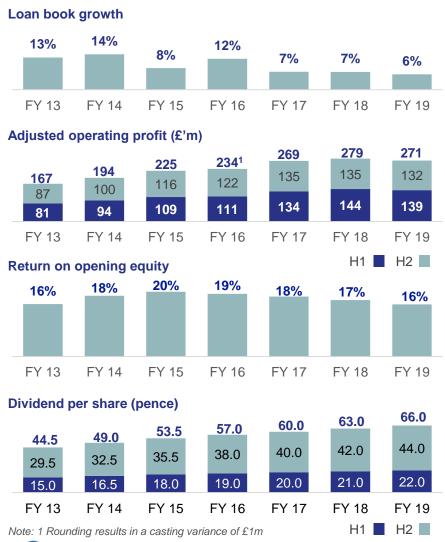
Communities and Environment

Community engagement
Charitable activities
Continue to improve fleet
vehicle emissions
Reducing our waste to landfill



Our approach

Consistent strategy focused on the long term



- 1 Specialism and diversity support resilient performance
 - Specialist, expert knowledge with focus on strong relationships
 - Stable margins and consistent loan book growth
 - Strong net inflows in Asset Management and profitable trading in Winterflood
- Pocus on future resilience and readiness
 - Maintaining discipline of our model
 - Building capital and maintaining funding flexibility
 - Contingency planning for a potential downturn
 - Ready to lean in when opportunity arises
- Investments in key strategic initiatives
 - Premium transformation, Motor transformation and customer deposit platform
 - Strategic investment to grow Asset Management and extend Winterflood's institutional offering
 - Good progress towards IRB application

Specialism and diversity support resilience and growth

Three divisions, three specialist lending segments, multiple business lines

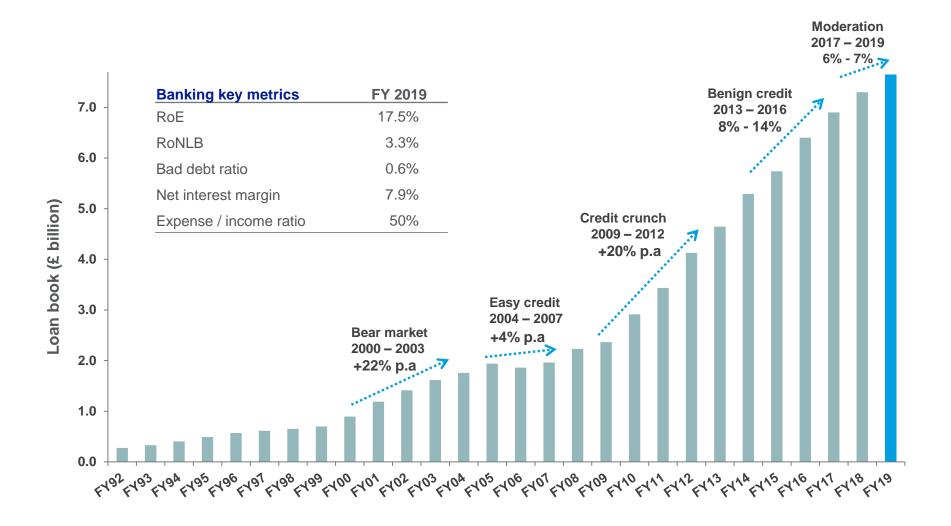
NG	Commercial	Asset Finance Loan book: £1.9bn	Transport Wheeled Commercial Assets Aviation & Marine	Industrial Equipment Manufacturing Construction Print Germany	Specialist Asset Finance Core Leasing Green Energy Fleet Finance	ASSET MANAGEMENT		
		Invoice & Speciality Finance Loan book: £1.0bn	Core Invoice Invoice UK ABL	Other Regions Invoice Ireland Invoice Germany Asset Ireland	Speciality Finance Novitas Brewery Rentals Vehicle Hire	Advice		Investment Management
BANKING	Retail	Motor Finance Loan book: £1.8bn	Motor UK	Motor Ireland		W	INTERFLOOD	
		Premium Finance Loan book: £1.0bn	Commercial	Personal	Premium Ireland	Market Making	Winterflood Business Services	Investment Trusts
	Property	Property Finance Loan book: £1.8bn	Property Finance	Commercial Acceptances				

Note: Indicative list of example business lines only



Banking: resilience and growth

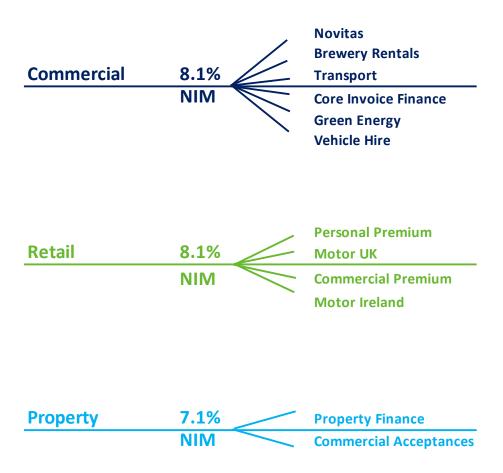
Long history of lending through the cycle



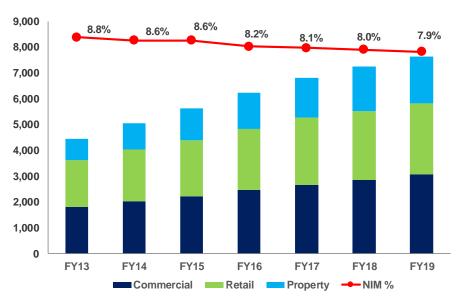


Banking: strong and stable NIM

Diversity and stability over the long term



Loan book (£ billion) and NIM (%)





Banking: credit resilience

Core product security and lending overview by business

A proven and resilient lending model

Long track record of disciplined and consistent lending through the cycle

Predominantly secured loan book, with short tenors and low average loan sizes

Experience in underwriting, collections and credit risk management

Scenario planning to leverage internal expertise and experience

Well positioned to protect the business and maximise opportunity in the event of a downturn

	Core products and security ¹	Average loan size ²	Typical Ioan maturity ³
Asset Finance	 Hire purchase, finance and operating leases Secured on a wide range of assets with specialist knowledge 	c.£40k	3 – 5 years
Invoice Finance	 Invoice discounting, factoring and asset based lending Rolling facility secured on invoices 	c.£400k	2-3 months
Motor Finance	Hire purchase on second hand vehiclesPCP 12% of the loan book	c.£7k	3 – 5 years
Premium Finance	 Personal and commercial insurance policies Policy refundability and/or broker recourse 	c.£0.5k	10 months
Property Finance	 Residential development finance, refurbishment and bridging loans Maximum LTV 60% 	c.£1,400k	9 – 18 months

² Approximations at 31 July 2019.
3 Typical loan maturity for new business on a contractual basis, except Invoice Finance which is on a behavioural basis. Average maturity of new business in the UK is presented for Motor Finance.



¹ Lending statistic figures are for illustrative purposes only and may not be representative of all loan types. Excludes speciality finance businesses. The profile of individual loans may vary significantly.

Banking: investing for the future

Premium Transformation project

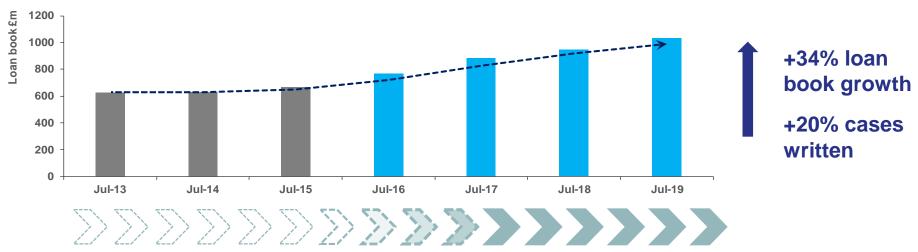
£30m+ Investment Programme

- Investment initiated in 2016 financial year
- New resilient and scalable customer contact centre
- Enhanced digital service capabilities
- Use of data analytics for enhanced business intelligence
- Enhanced resiliency and risk mitigation for brokers and customers



Substantial Benefits Delivered

- 34% increase in loan book since 2016 financial year, now over £1 billion
- 20% increase in the number of cases written since 2016 financial year
- Significant new broker relationships won
- Substantial cost savings through operational efficiencies





Banking: investing for the future

Strategic investment initiatives

Strategic initiative Tangible benefits / outcomes

New Deposit Platform

- Increased funding flexibility
- Lower cost of funding
- Access to greater distribution, including fast growing online channel
- Launching additional retail savings products

Motor Transformation

- Increased new business volumes
- Better service to dealers and customers with improved cost efficiency
- Optimise underwriting and customer onboarding
- Strengthened sales capability

IRB

- Optimisation of capital efficiency and long-term strategic flexibility
- Risk weightings that better reflect the risk profile of our lending
- Further enhancement of our credit risk management framework
- Currently expect to submit formal application around the 2020 financial year end

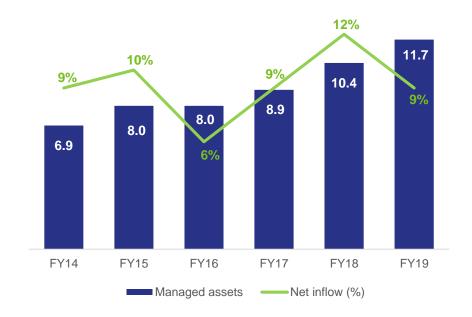


Asset Management

Significant long-term growth potential

- Continued strong net inflows at 9%
 - Good business levels from all channels and recent hires
 - Positive market movements in the second half
- Ongoing investment in people, technology and research
 - Enhancing operating efficiency and improving client experience
- Strong reputation in the wealth management market
 - Attracting new portfolio managers and advisers
 - Opened new client office in West End
- Significant growth potential for the long term
 - Attractive vertically integrated offering
 - Continue to improve operational leverage
 - Continued growth in client assets
 - Extending our distribution via multi-channel approach
 - Robust and scalable technology

Total managed assets (£bn) and net inflow rates



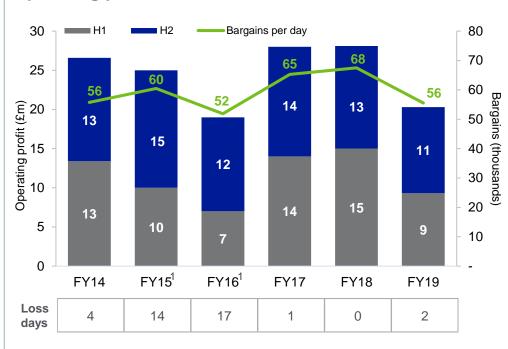


Winterflood

Established leader in market making

- AOP at £20.0 million reflects significant reduction in investor activity and trading volumes
- Good progress on expanding relationships with institutional clients
 - Benefiting from unbundling of execution and research post MiFID 2
 - Affiliate licensed Broker Dealer established in the USA
 - Progress with Winterflood Business Services
- Established leader in market making
 - Focused on maximising daily trading opportunities, whilst providing continuous liquidity in all market conditions
- Only two loss days in volatile equity market conditions
 - Reflects ongoing focus on risk management of daily positions and the expertise of our traders

Operating profit



Note: 1 Operating profit includes profit on disposal of Euroclear shares of £3.5 million in 2015 and £1.9 million in 2016.



Outlook

Well positioned to support customers and clients

Maintaining the discipline of our business model

- Banking is committed to maintaining our model discipline, supporting customers throughout the economic cycle
- Asset Management is focused on continued growth in client assets, through new business and selective hiring
- Winterflood continues to maintain a strong position in its markets and focus on maximising daily trading opportunities

Specialism and diversity to support resilience and growth

- Diverse portfolio of businesses and strong credit quality position us well to continue lending consistently and profitably
- Continue to closely monitor external and economic developments
- Contingency planning for a potential downturn

Investing for the future

 Committed to investing in key strategic initiatives while maintaining cost discipline Well positioned to support our customers and clients in a wide range of market conditions



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Appendix

Basis of presentation

Results are presented both on a statutory and an adjusted basis to aid comparability between periods. Adjusted measures are presented on a basis consistent with prior periods and exclude amortisation of intangible assets on acquisition, to present the performance of the group's acquired businesses consistent with its other businesses; any exceptional items, which are non-recurring and do not reflect trading performance; and discontinued operations.

Discontinued operations relate to the unsecured retail point of sale finance business, which was sold on 1 January 2019, and has been classified as a discontinued operation in the group's income statement for the 2018 and 2019 financial years. The related assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale on the group's balance sheet at 31 July 2018 and 1 August 2018.

To maintain consistency with the income statement and reflect the group's continuing operations, the calculation of the bad debt ratio, net interest margin and return on net loan book for the Banking division in the 2018 financial year comparative period excludes the unsecured retail point of sale finance loan book from both the opening and closing loan book.

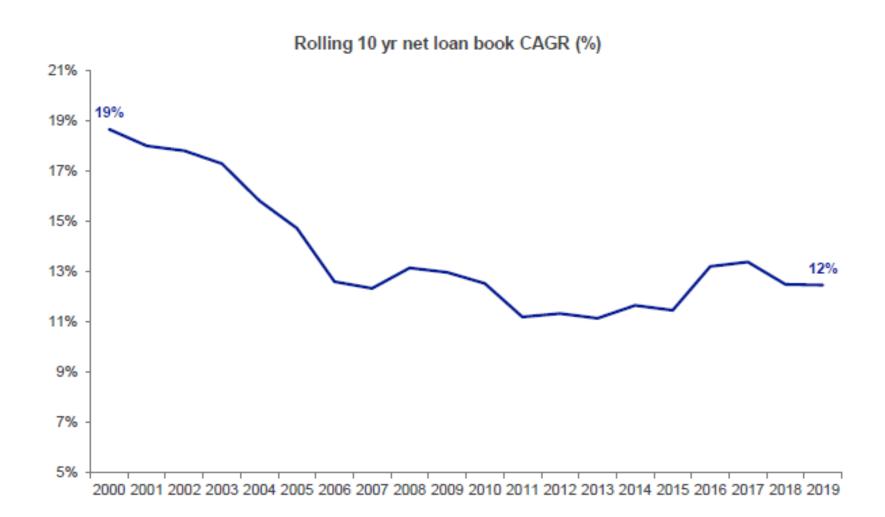
As previously communicated, the group has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with effect from 1 August 2018, and is presenting its results for the 2019 financial year under IFRS 9. As permitted by IFRS 9, comparative information has not been restated and transitional adjustments have been accounted for through retained earnings at 1 August 2018.

The comparative income statement for the 2018 financial year continues to be reported under IAS 39 Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement. The group has presented its opening balance sheet at 1 August 2018 and reported under IFRS 9 to aid comparability and consistency with the 2019 financial year closing balances (see also note 16 to the consolidated financial statements).



Appendix

10 year average loan book growth







Close Brothers Group plc 10 Crown Place London EC2A 4FT www.closebrothers.com